

April 2015

# Inspire Classic Slate Application Guidelines

### **Only Basic Roofing Tools Required**

- Hand fastened or fastened with a pneumatic nail gun
- Utility knife or a standard circular saw
- Tape measure, pry bar, tin snips
- Chalk line with blue chalk (do not use red chalk)

## **Product Specifications**



	Pieces/	Pieces/	Lbs./	Bundles/	Squares/
	Bundle	Square	Square	Square	Pallet
7 1/2" exposure	25	160	240	6.4	6.25
7" exposure	25	172	258	6.88	5.8
6 1/2" exposure	25	185	278	7.4	5.4
6" exposure	25	200	300	8	5

Product Ratings and Certifications			
Hail Rating – UL2218 Class IV			
Fire Rating – Class A or Class C			
TAS – 100 (110 mph wind driven rain)			
ESR-2745			

Accessory Items	
Original Snow Guard	100 per box
1½" Stainless Steel Ring Shank Coil Nails	7,200 pcs. per box
1½" Stainless Steel Ring Shank Hand Nails	3,475 pcs. per 25 lb box
Roofing Underlayment	TU35 (2 square coverage roll)

Exposure Requirements		
Roof Slope	Inspire Exposure	
5:12 and above	6", 6 1/2", 7, 7 1/2"	
3:12-5:12	6"	

Inspire Slate Hip & Ridge Class A / Class C		
Lbs. per piece	1.5	
Lbs. per bundle	38	
Pieces per bundle	25	
Tiles per lineal foot	2	
Lineal feet per bundle	12.5	

Inspire Starter	
Lbs. per piece	1
Lbs. per bundle	25
Pieces per bundle	25
Tiles per lineal foot	1
Lineal feet per bundle	25

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# **Getting Started**

### **Preparation:**

- Under all circumstances, existing roofing materials must be removed down to the substrate, prior to installation.
- The surface area must be uniformly flat, smooth, sound, clean and free of irregularities.
- Examine roof sheathing to verify that sheathing joints are supported by framing and blocking and/or metal clips.
- Verify that substrate is sloped for drainage and completely anchored to sound framing. Any foreign particles shall be cleaned from interlocking areas to ensure proper seating and to prevent moisture intrusion and ice damming. Proper provisions must be made for flashings and roof penetrations.
- Even though metal flashing and other specialty flashings may not be the responsibility of the roofing contractor, these items must be in place prior to slate installation. Work by other trades which penetrate the roof plane must be completed.

**Storing the Product:** For proper installation, the slates need to be stored on the original pallet, on a flat surface. Proper storage of the product at the jobsite is important. Inspire slate should not be stored on roof decks in such a manner as to over-stress and/or damage the deck and supporting structure. The slates are cambered to ensure that maximum pressure is transferred to the leading edge of the slate during installation. **Do not double stack pallets**.

**Work Conditions:** Perform work when existing and forecasted weather permits. Work should be performed in a safe, professional manner and ambient weather conditions are within the limits listed below. Be sure to follow the manufacturer's installation requirements for all underlayment and any other applications. Comply with any and all local building code requirements. Note of Caution: The slates can be slippery under certain conditions and jobsite safety procedures should be enforced.

**Cold Weather Installation:** Slates should be stored in original packaging in a storage facility where the temperature meets or exceeds 45°F. Use protective coverage over all pallets while being temporarily stored onsite. Roof slates must be conditioned at a temperature no lower than 45°F for twenty-four (24) hours prior to use. Slates may be installed at temperatures as low as 32°F hand fastened, or with a pneumatic gun.

### **Recommended Materials:**

- The choice of metals and fasteners should be consistent in material
- Building materials must last the lifetime of the roofing tiles
- Inspire Roofing Products does not warranty components of the roof system not manufactured by Inspire

Ring Shank Nail Fasteners (Note: Stainless steel ring shank nails are required in coastal regions.)				
	Head Ø	Length	Material	
Tile	3/8"	1 ½"	Stainless steel, hot dipped galvanized or copper	
Vented Ridge	3/8"	3"	Stainless steel, hot dipped galvanized or copper	

Acceptable Sheathing			
<b>Roofing Decking Materials</b>	Thickness		
Plywood	Minimum of 15/32"		
Solid Wood	Minimum of 15/16"		
Oriented Strand Board (OSB)	Minimum of 7/16"		

Metal Recommendations		
Material	Minimum Requirement	
Copper	16 oz	
Aluminum	.030	
Steel	26 gauge	

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### Installation

**Underlayment:** Underlayment is an extra layer of protection on your roof, required by most building codes.

- Self-Adhering Ice and Water Barrier In areas where the average winter temperature drops below 25° F a self-adhering ice and water barrier should be installed. At eaves the barrier should extend 2' beyond the interior wall and 3' for all sidewalls, headwalls, valleys, rakes and roof penetrations. Be sure to follow underlayment manufacturer installation recommendations and observe your local building codes.
- Install the felt underlayment on all parts of the roof deck not covered by the self-adhearing ice and water barrier. Lap edges of felt over self-adhering ice and water barrier no less than 3" in direction to shed water. Lap ends of felt no less than 6" over self-adhering ice and water barrier. Felt underlayment should not be placed under the self-adhering ice and water barrier and should overlap a minimum of 3". Side laps should be no less than 6".
- Class C Fire Rating Single-layer ASTM D-226 30# Felt Underlayment or equivalent: Felt should be preserved unbroken, tight and whole. Install perpendicular to roof slope in parallel courses. Lap sides of successive courses a minimum of 3" over each underlying course. Lap ends a minimum of 6".
- Class A Fire Rating- One Layer MB Technologies Layfast TU 35 underlayment to cover the entire roof deck. TU 35 should be installed following the manufacturer's instructions. Additional peel and stick underlayment should be applied according to your local building codes prior to installing the TU 35. Please note that all other materials have their own manufacturer's instructions which must be followed.



#### **Fasteners:**

- Caution should always be used to prevent over/under penetration of the fastener.
- Two fasteners must be placed in the proper nail target areas on each tile. Improper fastening can compromise the roof system and voids the manufacturer warranty.
- Fastener must penetrate roof decking at least 3/4".

#### **Starter and First Course:**

- Starter tiles should hang past eave drip edge no more than 1/2" and should be fastened in the target areas provided.
- The gap between starter tiles should be approximately 1/4".
- The first course of slate should be installed even with the butt edge of the starter course.
- The joints between the starter and first course and all succeeding courses should be a minimum of 2". This ensures that nails are covered by the next course and no through joints from roof surface to underlayment are exposed.



#### **Straight Courses:**

• Strike horizontal chalk lines at the desired exposure level, to ensure that the slates are installed straight and uniform. 7.5" is the maximum exposure when installing straight courses for roof pitches 5/12 and above.

• 7.5", 7", 6.5" and 6" exposure marks are provided on each tile. These are used by placing the mark on the top of the tile of the proceeding course.





#### **Staggered Courses:**

- The first course should be installed directly over the starter course. The first Chalk line should be 6.5" from the top of the first course.
- The top of the first slate should be placed on the chalk line. The next slate should be placed 1" below the chalk line.
- 6.5" is the maximum exposure when installing staggered courses for roof pitches below 4/12.



Valleys: A valley is created at the downslope intersection of two roof planes.

- Install a full 36" piece of ice and water shield centered through the entire valley.
- Fasten the valley every 2' using metal cleats.
- Slates must cover valley flashing by a minimum of 4", make sure not to drive fasteners from slates into the valley flashing.
- An open or closed valley may be used

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#### **Open Valley Design:** Open is good for snow, ice and debris.

For an Open Valley Design a double "W" Valley is recommended to avoid seeing the structural ribbing.





**Closed Valley Design:** For a Closed Valley, a Single Diverter "W" Valley or Standing I Seam valley should be used. Slates should be butted next to the diverter.



**Flashings:** Flashings should be used around all roof penetrations, such as walls, chimneys, dormers, vent pipes, or skylights.

**Apron (Roof to Wall) Flashing:** Apron flashing is used when a roof terminates to a wall causing a course to be cut and face nailed. It is installed over the slates and behind siding or counter/cap flashing.



#### APRON FLASHING DIAGRAM

**Step Flashings:** When a pitched roof comes into contact with a vertical wall, individual pieces of metal flashing should be installed at the end of each slate to prevent water intrusion. Step flashings should extend under the uppermost row of the roof slate, at least 4" over the slate immediately below the metal. The vertical leg of the metal should be turned up a minimum of 4" and extend 4" on the slate with an optional 3/4" hem. Flashings should have a minimum length of 12" and must overlap a minimum of 2".



#### STEP FLASHING DIAGRAM

**Vent, Pipe & Other Penetrations:** Penetrations through the roof deck require a flat flange around the penetration. The flashing should be placed above the penetration and on top of the slate and below the penetration.



#### SOIL STACK DIAGRAM

#### Hip and Ridge Detail:

- When pre-formed hip & ridge slates are used, nail in designated target area. Fasten hip slates with 2 fasteners (one on each side).
- Use a max exposure of 7.5".
- Chalk a straight line by placing one piece of hip at the eave and one near the peak, hold the chalk line at the edge of the slate on the top and bottom pieces. This will help keep the hip straight in the event of a crooked hip.
- Cover exposed heads of fasteners with an adhesive sealant compatible with the slate.
- Preformed hip and ridge slate require 3" length fasteners.
- Fastener must penetrate deck a minimum of 3/4".



**Ridge Vent:** During winter months ventilation is a key factor to remove moisture from the attic. Warm moist air inside a building travels up toward the attic. Problems occur when water vapor comes in contact with cold building materials and condenses. The structural elements of the attic will absorb moisture and over time may lead to rotting wood and/or mold. For balanced ventilation system split between the ridge and soffit, 1 square foot of net free area is required for every 300 square feet of attic floor space. It is required to have 1 square foot of ventilation for every 150 square feet of attic floor space if this balance cannot be achieved. Ventilation is necessary for extended life of the roof system. Inspire Roofing Products will not warranty an un-vented roof and/or improperly vented roof system.

Below are diagrams of Roof Truss and Ridge Pole construction applications. We recommend using RidgeMaster Plus with 3" roofing nails.

